UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

NO. 17-CR-20274

v.

HON. BERNARD A. FRIEDMAN

- D-1 JUMANA NAGARWALA,
- D-2 FAKHRUDDIN ATTAR,
- D-3 FARIDA ATTAR,
- D-4 TAHERA SHAFIQ,
- D-5 FARIDA ARIF,
- D-6 FATEMA DAHODWALA,

Defendants.

MOTION FOR REVOCATION OF DETENTION ORDER

Detroit, Michigan - Wednesday, July 19, 2017

Appearances:

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Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

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Case 2:17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.789 Page 3 of 37 3

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

I N D E X

- - -

Proceeding	Page
Motion for Revocation of Detention Order	
Argument by Ms. Smith	5
Response by Ms. Woodward	10
Ruling of the Court	17
Comments by Ms. Smith	20
Conference Re: Discovery	24
Certificate of Court Reporter	37

Case	:17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.790 Page 4 of 37 Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017
1	Detroit, Michigan
2	Wednesday, July 19, 2017
3	11:03 a.m.
4	
5	LAW CLERK: Calling case number 17-20274, United
6	States of America vs. Nagarwala.
7	THE COURT: May we have appearances, starting
8	with the government, please?
9	MS. WOODWARD: Good morning, Your Honor,
10	Sara Woodward and Malisa Dubal on behalf of the United
11	States. With us at counsel table is Special Agent Kevin
12	Swanson with the FBI, and Special Agent Lisa Keith from the
13	Department of Homeland Security.
14	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Counsel, how are
15	you today?
16	MS. SMITH: Fine, thank you. How are you?
17	THE COURT: Good.
18	MS. SMITH: My name is Shannon Smith, and I
19	represent Dr. Jumana Nagarwala, who is to my right.
20	MS. CHARTIER: Good morning, Your Honor, Mary
21	Chartier on behalf of Dr. Fakhruddin Attar.
22	MS. DUBAL: Good morning, Your Honor, Matt
23	Newburg on behalf of Farida Attar, who is also to my right.
24	THE COURT: Okay. You may all be seated.
25	Let the record reflect that today is the date
	a v 17 ab 00074 01

defendant's motion.

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and time scheduled for a hearing, a motion for revocation of 1 2 detention order. The Court has had an opportunity to read the motion, have had an opportunity to read the government's 3 4 response to the motion, and I've had an opportunity to read 5 the reply to the government's motion, and the response to

I also have a copy of the pretrial service report that was generated in this particular matter.

Starting with the government, is there anything else I should have before me that I do not have?

MS. WOODWARD: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And the defense?

MS. SMITH: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. This is the defense motion. You may proceed, counsel.

MS. SMITH: Are you okay if I stay at the table, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Wherever you feel the most comfortable is fine.

> MS. SMITH: Thank you, Judge.

Your Honor, the presumption of innocence, the facts of this case, the statutory requirements, mandate that Dr. Nagarwala be released, like every other defendant who is indicted in this case. While there is a considerable factual dispute about what took place and what happened in

this case, those are issues for trial, and only, in part, to assess the danger that Dr. Nagarwala presents to the community.

Even in the materials that the government provided this Court in Exhibit A of their materials, one of the articles shows that there is little consensus about how the actual procedure is supposed work among the Dawoodi Bohra people who practice this procedure. I will not belabor the Court with the facts of this case, as those will be relevant issues at trial and in future hearings, but there is certainly a dispute over the facts of the case that will be coming forward in future litigation.

With respect to this case, this is about far more than just Dr. Jumana Nagarwala. The community that Dr. Nagarwala is from is supporting her in this matter, as the Court can see from the number of community members in the audience.

Dr. Nagarwala intends to fight this case because it is a fight about a religious practice that is sacred to not only her but also her entire community, the entire religion, and it will have impact on this community throughout the world.

Dr. Nagarwala is not intending to let any one of her community members down by fleeing or not fighting this case.

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When the Court has to consider whether Jumana Nagarwala poses a risk of flight, not only did Dr. Nagarwala tell the government of her plans to leave the country at the initial meeting in this investigation, it was the first thing she said on a wiretap phone call between herself and the forensic interviewer who was interviewing her daughter.

Dr. Nagarwala got on the phone and said, I need to talk to you today because I have travel plans to leave the country, and if I don't talk to you today, it's not going to be until the 15th when I return. They asked for the specifics of all of her travel arrangements, she told them all of the travel arrangements and made a point to set up an appointment at her home later that day to be sure she could begin cooperating in this investigation.

Further, because there is wiretap information in this case, I have listened to April 10th through the following days where Dr. Nagarwala was aware of the investigation. I will state for the record that she is not a seasoned criminal, and her calls are open, and the discussions on those calls provide a lot of information, but there is not one point where Dr. Nagarwala, in communicating with any of the community members, close family members, her husband, not one time does Dr. Nagarwala say, I'm getting on that flight to Kenya and I will not be coming back. Not once does she ask somebody overseas, can I stay with you

be made to be sure of that.

There is absolutely no evidence that Dr.

Nagarwala posed a risk of flight, and based on the importance of this case to her and this entire community, she will not flee the country, and adequate protections can

While the Court is not required to consider the amount of discovery, or discovery issues, or the length of time this case will take, I do think it's an important consideration for the Court to make, and the reason is because I have received thousands of files, much of which are in another language that myself and no person in my office can understand. My client is going to have to go through approximately 16,000 files and help me understand what they are about.

If you spend a minute on each of those files, it would take 233 hours just to listen to those files and determine what they are. That's a substantial amount of time I will need to spend with my client to go through those materials.

Additionally, there were wiretap calls for days that are in part English and in part a foreign language. The government has provided no transcripts, no information about the specifics of what they believe those calls include. I will also have to spend hours with my client

1 preparing for those materials.

As my pleadings indicate, I have received absolutely no discovery from the government with respect to the medical records of even the first two alleged victims who were from April of this year. We have asked, as the defense team, repeatedly, for the records. We have been met with, next week, I'm getting those to you. For that reason, we have not filed a motion yet. However, it has become clear this is going to be a discovery fight.

We were also told, with respect to the discovery, that the government is treating some of the photographs as if they were child pornography. That is going to require some additional fights in this court because they are not and should not be considered like child pornography.

In addition to that, we were provided a wiretap affidavit that's approximately 70 pages long, and we were thankful to receive something in the way of discovery, but page after page of redacted information leaves us unable to assess the probable cause elements in this case, and I'm literally going page after page.

This is the example of the information the government has that they are not giving to us that are going to create serious discovery issues that we will be litigating before this Court. That will prolong the

Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.796 Page 10 of 37 10

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

litigation, in addition to the fact that we believe other defendants will be added through superseding indictments.

This case, the facts of it, involved parents who brought their children Dr. Nagarwala for a procedure, a procedure that's been highly disputed back and forth.

Dr. Nagarwala does not pose a danger to the community in the way that some defendants do. She was not out, randomly attacking people, doing anything of the sort. There are sufficient pretrial conditions that can be given to Dr. Nagarwala. She is no longer working as a medical doctor. She will no longer be at the Burhani Clinic, as it no longer exists. Dr. Nagarwala is amenable to having no contact with community members, with the exception of her husband and close family members, her children.

So, Your Honor, we would ask that this Court allow pretrial release, with conditions similar to those that have been placed on the Attars.

Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Government.

(11:13 a.m.)

MS. WOODWARD: Good morning, Your Honor.

As the Court is aware, the defendant has filed a motion for bond, and the Court's indicated that you have received our response under seal. The briefing in this case

has been extensive, and I know that the Court is familiar with the facts contained in the pleadings, within the Pretrial Services report, the superseding indictment, as well as the briefs of the parties.

That briefing, as well as Ms. Smith's argument today, does raise many, many issues. Obviously, there are some discovery disputes, and there is also a dispute over the nature of the procedure performed by Dr. Nagarwala, and those issues, while important, are not something that the Court needs to resolve today.

As far as discovery goes, we will continue to work with Ms. Smith and the other defense attorneys in this case to resolve our issues and fully comply with our discovery obligations, of which we are aware, and trial in this case will be the ultimate determination of the facts here, and what happened to the victims in this case.

The question for the Court today is somewhat simpler, yet extremely important to both the defendant and the government, and that question is whether the defendant will be released on bond or remain detained pending trial.

It is the government's strong position that there are simply no conditions that can reasonably assure the safety of the community, because for 12 years, the defendant, a highly trained medical doctor, cut the genitals of countless 7-year-old girls. This was not only medically

Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.798 Page 12 of 37 12

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

unnecessary, but it also caused permanent alteration and damage to the genitals of these victims. And importantly, the defendant was aware that this violation was a violation of her oath as a doctor and also illegal, but she continued to do it anyway, and her conduct demonstrates that there is no way for the Court or Pretrial Services to ensure that she will stop committing this crime and that she will not cut another child.

Of course, the motion for bond here is governed by the four factors enumerated in the Bail Reform Act, and this is a presumption case. There is a rebuttable presumption in favor of detention due to one of the crimes that the defendant is charged with.

The first factor for the Court to consider is the nature and seriousness of the offense. She is charged with FGM-related crimes, conspiracy to engage in FGM(female genital mutilation), substantive counts of FGM for four minor victims, as well as conspiracy to transport a minor with intent to engage in criminal sexual activity.

Female genital mutilation itself, and the crimes related to FGM, is an extremely serious crime. It involves harm to minor victims, which is a factor for the Court to consider, and in my brief, I set out some of the background about FGM.

But even putting aside the literature on FGM,

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

what we know about the facts in this case are that for approximately 12 years, this defendant, a medical doctor, saw young girls at Dr. Attar's clinic. There's no dispute that when she saw them she would pull down their pants and perform a procedure on their genitals. This is clearly not a medical procedure, she did not bill or keep any records of these procedures. From the medical evidence and the victim disclosures, we know that this procedure involved cutting and loss of blood. The genitals of Dr. Nagarwala's victims were, as a result, permanently altered. She may contend that what she did was something else, although we're unclear on what it is she contends that she did.

But the mere touching of the genitals of a young girl for no medical purpose in itself would be a violation of the law. She was not doing this as a medical doctor.

But what we have here is so much worse than merely touching their genitals. She cut her victims severely. And the medical evidence here is discussed in the government's brief, and as the Court knows, for some victims, the alterations to the victims' genitals were dramatic and terrible, and I draw the Court's attention to the medical results for Minor Victim 4 discussed in our brief.

And the defendant also drew victims to Michigan from other states, from around the country. She's charged with the FGM procedure for the two victims from Minnesota,

Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.800 Page 14 of 37 14

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

but there are others that came here from around the country, and because she was a medical doctor, parents trusted her, and she encouraged parents to travel here to see her for this procedure. And for the Minnesota victims alone, they would have driven 14 hours to see her at Dr. Attar's clinic.

But Dr. Nagarwala is not only charged with FGM-related crimes, she's also charged with obstructing an official -- conspiracy to obstruct an official proceeding, as well as making a false statement to a federal officer. Both of those crimes are also serious.

Dr. Nagarwala talked to Dr. Attar, and together they tried to devise a story to tell the police. But most importantly, we know that Dr. Nagarwala talked to two parents that brought their children to her for this procedure, and she encouraged both of them not to cooperate with law enforcement, to deny that a procedure had taken place, and to affirmatively make false statements.

So the nature and seriousness of this offense, of all of the offenses here, weighs heavily in favor of detention.

The next factor the Court considers is the weight of the evidence regarding the defendant's dangerousness and risk of flight.

For risk of flight, I think the facts are not in

dispute. What we know is that the defendant was boarding an international flight when she was arrested. That she has an explanation for her travel does not make it less significant. She has --

THE COURT: The government doesn't deny that they knew that she had prearranged that trip?

MS. WOODWARD: Agreed, yes, we don't deny that she had already made those arrangements.

THE COURT: And that she disclosed it.

MS. WOODWARD: She did disclose them, yes, and that -- but what's significant is that she knew of this investigation, of the Child Protective Services

Investigation into her, and she decided to leave anyway.

I'm not contending -- well, I guess we don't know whether she would have come back, but it's important that she does have significant international ties, significant financial resources, and she, in fact, did have international travel plans. I think that that sets her apart from the Attars here, although, she's set apart from them in the facts of this case, and her conduct, as well.

The weight of the evidence with regard to the defendant's dangerousness is also extremely strong. There is — there are victim disclosures, multiple victim disclosures, medical evidence, parent disclosures and cell

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

phone evidence, and there's also strong evidence that the defendant was not deterred by her knowledge that this was a federal crime, and the evidence of the obstructive behavior is also strong. And what this comes down to, Your Honor, is that there is simply no way that this Court or Pretrial Services can ensure that this defendant does not engage in another FGM procedure.

This procedure, referred to as khatna or khafz can be performed, and often is performed, in a house. It does not need to be performed in a medical clinic or at the Burhani Medical Clinic. It takes only a few minutes to complete, and there is simply no way for Pretrial Services to ensure that children are not brought to the defendant for this procedure.

The defendant could be ordered not to have contact with children, but unless she is constantly monitored and surveilled and someone is watching her front door, it's impossible to ensure that that would not happen. But what we do know is that the defendant is extremely committed to this practice. She believes that it's important, she believes it's worth doing even though she knows it's a violation of the law, and, therefore, the risk of harm to children is simply too great, too great for the Court to take on, too great to ask Pretrial Services to monitor.

Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.803 Page 17 of 37 17

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

But there's also a risk of continued obstructive behavior. There is pressure on parents and children within this community not to cooperate with law enforcement, and it is impossible to know exactly who the witnesses to this conduct are. It's impossible to know how many children have been cut by Dr. Nagarwala. There's literally an endless list of potential victims and witnesses. Most female members of her community may be witnesses in some way, and there's no way to limit her contact with all potential victims and witnesses.

The Court also considers the history and characteristics of the person, and, here, I concede that some of those history and characteristics would weigh in favor of release, but some weigh in favor of detention, and those are, her international family ties, the fact that she is currently unemployed, the fact that she has financial resources that are extensive, and a strong motivation to flee.

And I guess I would ask the Court at this time if you have any questions for us based on what you've seen in the pleadings, and everything that's before you.

THE COURT: I have no questions at this time. Anything further that the defense wishes to say?

MS. SMITH: No, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: This is a really tough case, to be

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

honest. Number one, I think the arguments on both sides as to the facts is not real relevant today for me because I think there is a presumption of innocence, and the plaintiff is clothed with that, and that continues all through these proceedings, and not only today but until such time as the trier of fact makes a different determination. So the Court is burdened with, not burdened with, but certainly has to take that as a very strong consideration.

Also, the charge itself, it's obviously a different charge that I've never seen one before, I don't think anybody has seen one before, and it does have a penalty that is very severe. But I think I have to look at this, as I say, at least at this point, the grand jury has issued an indictment, the indictment says that there -- a crime was committed and that there's probable cause that the accused committed that crime. What the facts are, again, the trier of fact will determine.

The nature of the crime in this matter, I think everybody agrees, and I heard it many times from both sides, it is a religious belief that generated that. Every kind of crime has some kind of motive, and motive is not always the consideration, but here, I don't think anybody disagrees that the motive was a religious motive, and, of course, during the proceedings, I've already been exposed to it in the pleadings, constitutional rights, and so forth, will be

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

discussed.

My main thing is I think we can fashion something that will protect the public because we can fashion something that will be able to, in real time, trace her movements, and so forth.

My big concern in this particular matter is one of flight, and I understand that she has very strong ties to the community here in Detroit and to the United States. She is well educated, and that should not be held against her, by any means, but this particular case does involve a penalty that's very, very severe, and no matter what one's beliefs may be, it's still a severe penalty that will impact the defendant and will impact, of course, all of those loved ones that she cares about.

It's just a very tough, tough decision. I've been trying to figure out some way of being able to satisfy myself in terms of being able to guarantee, for lack of a better word, no flight, that she will appear when and where directed, and take into consideration that, along with the presumption, and see if there's something that can overcome the presumption, and as I say, I've gone back and forth, and so forth, I've thought about different ways of doing it, and because of the nature of the potential penalty in this particular matter, I'm not so sure that I can come up with a solution that will guarantee her appearance when and where

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

directed by the Court.

And the community strength and backing is very important, but it's a double-edged sword, because, on the same token, it can be used to argue that perhaps that would be a good source of flight, and so forth.

So as of today, I have tried to come up with some way. I've thought about the GPS, I've thought about, as we've done before, some kind of special housing in terms of, so that there can be some communication. I think the assistance of counsel argument is very, very important, and especially in this case where there are some language issues, and other things.

As of today, I can't come up, in my mind, with anything that would overcome that presumption at this time.

Again, I'm not concerned about the harm to the community. I think that we can do that very adequately. I am concerned about the flight, and I just, I think, at this point, because of the presumption, that I have to not grant the motion today.

But counsel I'd like to hear if you have something else, that's why I'm here, if there's something else that you can enlighten me on that --

MS. SMITH: Your Honor, I would just like to state for the Court that my client's passport has already been surrendered, that the passports of her two minor

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

children have already been surrendered in the Child

Protective Services matter; that, while Dr. Nagarwala has

international ties, she has far more substantial ties here.

She's not going to leave her children, husband, parents, and
all the loved ones she cares about.

I just would ask the Court to do something similar to what was done for the Attars. She could be placed on a GPS tether, not allowed to leave even a room, a hotel room, or her house, she would not be able to leave without them being able to track where she is going. And so I do believe there's conditions that can be put in place to make sure she stays put. And she will stay put, especially without a passport or any means to be able to secure those things.

I don't see that she's in any different position, really, than the Attars, and so --

THE COURT: The difference in position, to be honest with you, and I've thought about this ever since you filed your motion, and the difference is that she is going to be subject to a much more severe penalty, number one.

Number two is that, in terms of -- again, I don't know the facts, and I'm not here to discuss the facts, but at least as to the involvement, we know that hers was a different kind of involvement than the other defendants, and the only reason that has any significance is because those kinds of

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

things go towards the penalty or the imposition of sentence, and therefore she is facing a much more severe sentence, and, therefore — and again, I'm not saying she would do this, but she certainly has the — she's in a different position in making a decision whether or not she should flee or not flee, than the others are in this case.

And I'm not suggesting that she would make that decision, I'm suggesting that I know, and I've seen it before, that you don't need travel documents to get out of this country. You can get out of this country without travel documents, and so forth.

MS. SMITH: I do want to clear it up for the record that Dr. Attar faces the same presumption

Dr. Nagarwala does. They are both charged with traveling with intent to commit a sexual act.

THE COURT: I understand.

MS. SMITH: That crime, when you look at the Mann Act and the prodigy of the Mann Act and everything that's come before, it's not the right crime to charge either one of these defendants with. So she really is not in a much different position from Dr. Attar in terms of the charges, the penalty she faces, and also that same argument that Ms. Chartier put together the last time we were in court about how that life offense is not even really the appropriate charge, and it's something we intend to file a

Motion for Revocation of Detention Order Wednesday, July 19, 2017

motion on.

THE COURT: I can't get into that because I don't know, and I would not want to make a factual determination. All I know is that the grand jury made a determination that that was the charge, and that they had -- if they had done their job, which I assume they did, that they made that determination, and that they made -- and that that crime had been committed and that there's probable cause to believe that the accused committed it.

So I have to take that, at least that, because I haven't heard any testimony, and I don't want to make any findings of fact, but at this point, and I'm not saying that -- as I say, I think with the presumption of innocence, I'm trying to weigh her right to presumption of innocence with the right of society to make sure that she doesn't flee. I haven't been able to come up with something that would convince me that the presumption has been overcome.

And I understand. I've been thinking about GPS, I've been thinking about, you know, some custodial, and also thinking about your client. I think she's well trained, she's a citizen, she was born here, her kids are here, her mother—in—law is here, and so forth. That would be a lot to leave, but it's also, in terms of the incentive to leave, the penalty is so great that there is a large incentive to leave at this point. That does not overcome the

Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017

presumption.

So at this point, I'm going to deny the motion, and I say at this point because, certainly, I would be more than happy to look at it again if there's some things that change, or if there's some situations that maybe more assurances could be given and I can be convinced that the presumption perhaps can be overcome. But as I say, my concern is only that the issue of appearing when and where directed, I don't think — I think we can do a lot in terms of making sure that the community is protected.

So as of today, I'm going to deny the motion, but I certainly, if you come up with something that perhaps can give us some more assurances, I'd be more than happy to look at it.

But there's another issue I think we have to talk about also today while we have everybody here, and all the parties. I'm concerned about discovery, and I'm looking at the government. I don't think there should be a fight over discovery in this case for a couple reasons. Number one is, I'll tell you right now, I believe, especially in a case like this, that there has to be some good discovery because otherwise this case will linger on, and on, and on, and it won't be fair to anybody at all.

So I can't -- I'm not in a position to make any

Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017

rulings on discovery; however, just my thought, in terms of the language barrier, if the government is turning over information and it's in a language other than English, and they have a transcript or they have it already interpreted, I'm telling you right now, I'm going to order that any transcripts you have, anything that's already interpreted, to make sure that it goes to the defense because there's no reason that they have to be put to the expense and the time, and everything else, if the government already has it. And if we ever went to trial in this matter, it's going to be used by the government, and, therefore, we'll save a lot of time in terms of verification and credibility of the interpretation.

Again, page after page of redacted, it could be right, it could be wrong, I don't know, and I'm not making a ruling. However, I think — and again, there has been some argument today that the government may have other people in mind they want to indict. I'm urging the government to do it ASAP because we want to move this case. It's not fair to the defendants, it's not fair to their community, it's not fair to the issue that we don't move this case, and move it along in an appropriate manner so that we can bring it to trial, and to be able to discuss those issues which each side has raised throughout the proceedings so far.

And last but not least, please work together in

terms of discovery, and if you have a dispute maybe 1 2 somewhere down the line, what we'll do is, and, again, talk about it, and so forth, and we'll have discovery hearings 3 4 every once in awhile so that we can get this thing moving. 5 I don't want to be inundated with paper all the time, and 6 the expense and time of going through it, so if you get to a 7 point where it really is becoming a fight, so to speak, then 8 file a motion, let me know, and then we will talk about some 9 kind of discovery program. 10 Okay. Anything else that we should talk about 11 today? 12 MS. WOODWARD: No, Your Honor. I'll just 13 respond to what you said, and I understand what you're 14 saying, and we will comply with our discovery obligations as 15 you've directed, and as we intend to do. 16 THE COURT: Okay. 17 MS. WOODWARD: If there's something we can't 18 resolve, we'll let you know. 19 THE COURT: Okay. Discovery obligations -- I 20 appreciate that, and I know your office always does, but 21 your office generally has a broader policy than just 22 obligations. 23 MS. WOODWARD: Sure. 24 THE COURT: And I would ask that it carry over

Case No. 17-CR-20274-01

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to this case, as well.

Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.813 Page 27 of 37 27

Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017

MS. WOODWARD: Understood. 1 2 THE COURT: Okay. Counsel. MS. CHARTIER: Your Honor, it's been three 3 4 months, and in all due respect, we keep hearing the same 5 thing, that the government will comply with their discovery obligations. I don't believe they have. 6 7 They repeatedly have said that we'll get things 8 like medical records, and it's been three months that it's 9 been in their possession and we haven't got it. 10 So is it possible to get a firm date, so then we 11 know if we don't have them, for example, by Friday that we will be filing a discovery motion with the court. We keep 12 13 holding back on that because we keep getting assured that 14 they're coming, and they're not coming. So I don't know if 15 the government is willing to give us that date today, or, if not, we'll just go back and file our discovery motion. 16 17 THE COURT: Okay. Let's talk about one thing, 18 since we have everybody here. Tell me what's outstanding 19 that you think should have already been provided to you. 20 MS. CHARTIER: Again, I understand the Jencks 21 Act, and we'd love to get that, and we certainly hope we get 22 that in advance of trial. But medical records, we keep 23 hearing --

THE COURT: Let's talk about medical records. When will they receive medical records?

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Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.814 Page 28 of 37 28

Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017

MS. WOODWARD: I'm happy to respond, Your Honor. 1 2 As of right now, there are CDs being burned for 3 the defendants. I need to check them and make sure they're 4 ready to go out today or tomorrow, but those are under way, 5 the medical records. MS. CHARTIER: So that would be by this week, 6 7 then? 8 MS. WOODWARD: Correct. 9 THE COURT: By Friday. 10 MS. CHARTIER: There are also videos and 11 photographs of the medical procedures. Ms. Woodward has indicated they're treating them as child pornography and 12 13 they will not be turning them over to us. 14 MS. WOODWARD: That's an unfair 15 characterization.

THE COURT: Okay. Tell me what your position

MS. WOODWARD: My position is these are videos and images of children's genitalia. They are incredibly sensitive. That we will make them available to the defense to view as we are required to do, but that we will not be turning over copies of this very sensitive material.

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is.

I explained to Ms. Chartier that we have a procedure in place to do that, and likened it to child pornography, that I have an obligation to provide to the

Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.815 Page 29 of 37 29

Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017

defense an opportunity to review, but I do not give out copies. This is the practice of child abuse pediatricians who I've consulted with, not to turn over these images and videos.

THE COURT: Well, I think that we can do that with the defendants that are out right now. As to Dr. Nagarwala, how do you suggest -- she has a right to see those also. How do you suggest that that's accomplished?

MS. WOODWARD: Arrangements can be made for her to view them in the facility. We do that in child pornography cases when the defendants right have the right to see the evidence.

THE COURT: And you're willing to do that as soon as arrangements can be made, is that correct?

MS. WOODWARD: Yes.

Now, those photographs and videos are not currently in my custody. They're in the custody of the child abuse pediatricians that did the exams, so we need to work with them to come up with a procedure, whether we use a secure, end-to-end encrypted digital way for the defense attorneys to view them in their office, or whether we make them available at the FBI, are the sorts of things I want to discuss with --

THE COURT: Why don't you get together by next Friday so you have an answer to that. I think it's an

Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.816 Page 30 of 37 30

Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017

important consideration as part of their preparation, especially what they've indicated in their pleadings, that this would be very important to view.

MS. CHARTIER: Absolutely, Your Honor.

THE COURT: If you feel, after viewing it, that it limits you and that there's some reason that this particular arrangement would not be acceptable from a defense standpoint, then you'll let me know. But at least try it, work out some arrangement, talk to your doctors, people that you have to talk to so, again, by late Friday you have some arrangement on how to make this thing happen.

MS. CHARTIER: Your Honor, I can tell the Court right now, I've indicated this to Ms. Woodward, the problem with us coming down and viewing them, for example, at the FBI office, is not just related to our clients or Dr. Nagarwala, but it's also related to our experts. Our experts are potentially all around the country.

Ms. Woodward had indicated there may be a way to work around that if we provide information about our experts to the government. I don't believe that we have to do that.

THE COURT: I don't believe you have to do it.

MS. CHARTIER: I agree. So that's why we -we're officers of the court. Even if they are treated akin
to child pornography, they're not child pornography. We
signed a protective order, we're not going to be

Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.817 Page 31 of 37 31

Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017

distributing those photographs and the video, but in terms of preparing a defense for our clients, we need access to that, and we need access to those materials to share with our experts.

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THE COURT: Okay. But not to give to your experts, necessarily.

MS. CHARTIER: They could view them, for example. I mean, this is no different than any other case. These are medical records, they're not child pornography. The doctor who created them hasn't been charged with child pornography.

THE COURT: But there's a real interest in making sure that they're not disseminated anywhere. And you are officers of the court, we do have a protective order. I think both sides can be satisfied. I think you have no obligation to tell the government who your experts are at this point.

I suspect, I hope -- you have to show these things to the expert before you know their opinion, and you certainly don't want to disclose who they are until such time as --

MS. CHARTIER: Correct.

THE COURT: $\mbox{--}$ as you decide that you may or may not use them as experts, or use them in any capacity you want.

Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.818 Page 32 of 37 32

Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017

Number one is, I think you should, by the end of the week, be able to have the attorneys and the clients be able to see these first. Then, if you can't work out some way, under a protective order of some kind, for the experts to see them, and I think the suggestion that the use of the attorney as the vehicle for showing them to the expert without the expert having a copy, or anything of that nature, until such time as it's needed, probably is a good solution.

But see if you can work it out. If not, let me know, file a motion. As I say, and I'm more than happy to do that. But err in favor of more information than less. I'm not going to interfere with Jencks or the government's rights, because the government has rights also, very strong rights. But on the same token, err in favor of the credibility of the lawyers on both sides in this matter being able to exercise their obligation under protective orders, and so forth, and see if you can work it out. If you can't, let me know.

I want to move the case as quickly and rapidly as we can. It's an issue that has to be decided one way or the other, and it is an issue that I know is of public interest, and should be. Let's move it as quickly as we can.

MS. WOODWARD: Just to clarify, Judge, you

Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.819 Page 33 of 37 33

Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017

mentioned by Friday. I want to be clear on what our obligations are. So today is Wednesday. We will have a conversation and attempt to come up with a process for that.

THE COURT: Yeah, maybe Friday is a little soon.

MS. WOODWARD: They can't -- I don't think it would be possible to make them available for them to view by Friday.

THE COURT: No, no, I'm hoping by Friday, you'll sit down, you'll talk about it, you'll work something out, and if you can't, you'll let me know. And Friday wasn't the deadline to actually turn it over, but, like, the medical records, I mean --

MS. WOODWARD: I understand the medical records were different, and they will have those by Friday.

THE COURT: And I think that the other documents are going to be important to them, too, but that may take a little bit more in terms of how do we do it, how do we show it to, you know, the defense may have to keep a log of who they show it to without disclosing it to the government. And that will protect all the defendants as well as have a log of who they show it to.

And the order, the protective order always -has already stated that they can't -- that it's on an
as-needed basis, so it's not -- they're going to have to
abide by that protective order, too. I think you can work

Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.820 Page 34 of 37 3 4

Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017

it out. I said Friday, maybe just to put pressure on both sides to get it done so that we're not back here.

MS. CHARTIER: Two other issues as it relates to discovery. The redaction Ms. Smith showed, pages and pages, will that also be available Friday, at least partially unredacted?

MS. WOODWARD: It's on the same CDs that we're burning right now.

MS. CHARTIER: Great. Thank you.

And the final issue, and this may be the subject of speaking with Mr. Hinojosa and the government, and filing a motion, if needed, but Ms. Smith is correct in terms of the number of hours that it will take to go through the phone calls. Currently, Dr. Attar and Mrs. Attar can't do that without a lawyer present, or someone from my firm, because they can't have access to a computer.

So one of the issues is, while we like spending time with them, it's a lot of hours to spend, and it will drag on for months. If they had access to a computer, even without internet access, they would be able to listen to the phone calls themselves and not have to do it in our office.

So I would ask the Court to consider that now. If not, we can see what we can work out, and file a motion if needed.

THE COURT: Pretrial, if we -- if we --

Case 2 17-cr-20274-BAF-DRG ECF No. 120 filed 08/06/17 PageID.821 Page 35 of 37 35

Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017

1 Well, a computer that came from your office? MS. CHARTIER: Yes, with no internet access. 2 THE COURT: No internet access, and it would be 3 4 totally erased except for those documents that have been 5 provided to you by the government so that they can listen to 6 it. 7 MS. CHARTIER: Correct. The documents are 8 actually on an external hard drive. So they would have a 9 computer with essentially nothing on it, and then the 10 external hard drive with the documents from the government. THE COURT: And there won't be anything on 11 12 there, no WordPerfect or any --13 MS. CHARTIER: Nothing. They have to hand write their notes even now, to us. 14 15 THE COURT: Any problem with that? MR. HINOJOSA: No, Your Honor. 16 17 THE COURT: That's fine. 18 MS. CHARTIER: Thank you. 19 THE COURT: I suspect that we're going to have 20 pretty much the same thing for Dr. Nagarwala, wherever she's 21 being housed, so that she can review it for you, also. 22 MS. SMITH: Yeah, and the complication, and the 23 reason it's so difficult is because in my office I have to 24 use three different laptops to access the types of files 25 I have three different laptops, but it's not Case No. 17-CR-20274-01

Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017

just as simple as, here's a laptop, go ahead and go through it. I literally have a stack of laptops we use to go through the materials in this case. I can't drop off a stack of laptops to the jail. So I need some direction from the Court on what I can do, but that's — I need her help, I need her to be able to do that.

THE COURT: I understand. I don't know exactly.

THE COURT: I understand. I don't know exactly.

I mean, if you can do it to one -- I just don't know. Why

don't you talk to the government, talk to -- apparently, you
can put it all on one.

MS. CHARTIER: Well, I say that, but I'm not the tech person in our office. So I know that everything is on an external hard drive, and I'm going to ask the tech person. If there's a problem, I'm sure I'd be contacting —

THE COURT: Yeah, or just do it piecemeal. Take one computer, download on an external hard drive, everything else is wiped out, and when she's through doing that, you'll

MS. CHARTIER: I don't know if it's the same -
THE COURT: I'm not a computer person, I have no
idea. I know it can be worked out, so --

bring her another one. Same thing here.

MS. CHARTIER: The access is something that I don't know if you would know that, but, for example, when Dr. Attar was in Milan, we had made those arrangements initially, and then when I went to Milan, they said

Case 2	Conference Re: Discovery July 19, 2017
1	absolutely not.
2	THE COURT: I know. I think when Jamie from the
3	Marshal's service was here, every jail is different. So
4	we'll have to cross those bridges when we get to them, and
5	go from there.
6	MS. SMITH: Thank you.
7	THE COURT: Okay. Anything else? Okay. Thank
8	you. We stand in recess.
9	(Proceedings concluded at 11:46 a.m.)
10	
11	
12	CERTIFICATION
13	
14	I, Suzanne Jacques, Official Court Reporter for the United
15	States District Court, Eastern District of Michigan, Southern
16	Division, hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct
17	transcript of the proceedings in the above-entitled cause on the
18	date set forth.
19	
20	
21	s/ Suzanne Jacques August 6, 2017 Suzanne Jacques, RPR, RMR, CRR, FCRR Date
22	Official Court Reporter Eastern District of Michigan
23	Labeeth District of Fichigan
24	
25	
	Case No. 17-CR-20274-01